7.—Countries of Birth of Immigrants arriving via Ocean Ports and from the United
States, fiscal years ended Mar. 31, 1927 and 1928—concluded.

Countries of birth.		1927.		1928.			
	Via Ocean Ports.	From U.S.	Total.	Via Ocean Ports	From U.S.	Total.	
Japan	492	1	<b>49</b> 3	497	4	501 2	
PerenaSyria	13 214	12	13 226	8i	12	93	
Turkey	75 34	15 1	90 35	52 27	10	62 31	
Atlantic Ocean Islands (not Br.)	25	8	33	13	6	19	
Total	122,966	21,625	143,991	126,599	25,007	151,597	

Ports of Arrival of Immigrants.—Throughout the greater part of our history, Quebec has been the port at which the greatest number of our immigrants have landed. In the past few years, however, there has been a great increase in the immigrants arriving at the port of Halifax, those entering at this port in 1928 being six times as many as in 1922. This would appear to be due to increasing immigration in the early spring months before the St. Lawrence is open to traffic. Figures for recent years are given in Table 8.

8.—Total Immigration to Canada, by Chief Ports of Arrival, fiscal years ended Mar. 31, 1922-1928.

Ports.	1922.	1923.	1924.	1925.	1926.	1927.	1928.
Quebec. Saint John. Halifax North Sydney Sydney Montreal Vancouver Victoris. New York Boston. Other ports.	40, 730 8, 318 7, 119 318 <sup>1</sup> - 1, 448 1, 020 1, 543 158	31,717 8,580 5,039 1,426 69 171 797 614 2,430	71, 290 23, 533 19, 279 4, 884 113 437 1, 130 633 6, 157 249 334	59.572 9,501 21,965 1,085 72 200 1,144 459 1,452 51	40, 963 12, 245 20, 490 435 5 144 1, 333 361 1, 163 26 121	63,792 16,889 37,677 712 89 192 1,220 513 1,402 47 433	64,39: 14,176 43,07: 83: 27: 1,38: 47: 1 64: 21:
From the United States  Total	29,345 89,999	72,887	20,521 148,560	15,818	18,778 96,064	21,025 143,991	25,00°

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes Sydney.

Destinations of Immigrant Arrivals.—The destinations of the immigrant arrivals in Canada are given for the period from 1901 to 1928 in Table 9, which may be compared with the census tables on pages 89 and 90 showing the increase of population in the decades between 1901 and 1921.

While immigration to the Maritime Provinces during the period was comparatively small, totalling 195,968, that to Quebec and Ontario was very large. Since 1905 Ontario has received a larger number of immigrants annually than any other province of the Dominion, while Manitoba is usually second in this respect. The immigration to Eastern Canada (Maritime Provinces, Quebec and Ontario) has almost equalled that to Western Canada (Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia) in the 28-year period.